



## OVP Debugging Applications with GDB User Guide

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Author:	Imperas Software Limited
Version:	1.6.1
Filename:	OVPsim_Debugging_Applications_with_GDB_User_Guide.doc
Project:	OVP Debugging Applications with GDB User Guide
Last Saved:	Monday, 30 November 2015
Keywords:	

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## 1 Preface

This document describes how to debug an application running on the OVP simulator using the Gnu debugger, GDB.

### 1.1 *Notation*

**Code** Code and command extracts

### 1.2 *Related OVP Documents*

- CpuManager and OVPsim User Guide

## 2 Introduction

The *CpuManager and OVPsim User Guide* describes how platforms containing any number of processor models can be constructed. This document describes how to debug an application running on *one* processor in such a platform while it is simulating using the freely-available OVPsim simulation environment. OVPsim supports single-processor debugging with the Gnu debugger (GDB) via the Remote Serial Protocol (RSP). Advanced multi-processor debug facilities are available in Imperas commercial products.

### 2.1 Prerequisites

This documentation is supported by C code samples in an `Examples` directory, available either to download from the [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org) website or as part of an Imperas installation.

#### GCC Compiler Versions

Linux32	4.5.2	i686-nptl-linux-gnu (Crosstool-ng)
Linux64	4.4.3	x86_64-unknown-linux-gnu (Crosstool-ng)
Windows32	4.4.7	mingw-w32-bin_i686-mingw
Windows64	4.4.7	mingw-w64-bin_i686-mingw

For Windows environments, Imperas recommends using MinGW ([www.mingw.org](http://www.mingw.org)) and MSYS.

The example given in this document uses the opencores OR1K processor model and tool chain, also available to download from the [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org) website or as part of an Imperas installation.

## 3 Debugging Example

### 3.1 *Creating a Debuggable Platform*

A suitable single-processor platform example is available in the directory:

```
$IMPERAS_HOME/Examples/PlatformsICM/debugWithGDB
```

This uses the freely-available OR1K processor (see <http://www.opencores.org/projects.cgi/web/or1k/architecture>).

The test platform source is in file platform/platform.c:

```
// enable tracing etc. on processor model
#define MODEL_ATTRS (ICM_ATTR_DEFAULT)

//
// Create platform
//
void createPlatform() {

    // initialize OVPSim
    unsigned int icmAttrs = ICM_STOP_ON_CTRL_C;

    icmInitPlatform(ICM_VERSION, icmAttrs, 0, 0, "platform");

    // select library components
    const char *vlnvRoot = 0; // when null use default library
    const char *model = icmGetVlnvString(
        vlnvRoot, "ovpworld.org", "processor", "or1k", "1.0", "model"
    );
    const char *semihosting = icmGetVlnvString(
        vlnvRoot, "ovpworld.org", "semihosting", "or1kNewlib", "1.0", "model"
    );

    // create a processor
    icmNewProcessor(
        "OR1K", // processor name
        "or1k", // CPU type
        0, // processor cpuId
        0, // processor model flags
        32, // address bits
        model, // model file
        "modelAttrs", // morpher attributes
        MODEL_ATTRS, // no simulation attributes
        0, // no user-defined attributes
        semihosting, // semi-hosting file
        "modelAttrs" // semi-hosting attributes
    );
}
```

```
////////////////////////////////////  
//                                     M A I N                                     //  
////////////////////////////////////  
  
static Bool cmdParser(int argc, const char *argv[]);  
  
int main(int argc, const char *argv[])  
{  
    // Check arguments and ensure application to load specified  
    if(!cmdParser(argc, argv)) {  
        icmMessage("E", "platform", "Command Line parser error");  
        icmExitSimulation(1);  
    }  
  
    // the constructor  
    createPlatform();  
  
    icmSimulationStarting();  
  
    // run simulation  
    icmSimulatePlatform();  
  
    // terminate simulation  
    icmTerminate();  
  
    icmExitSimulation(0);  
}
```

For a full explanation of OVPsim platform construction please see the *OVPsim and CpuManager User Guide*. This section describes only those aspects of platform construction that relate to debugging.

### 3.1.1 Specify debug using the Command Line Parser

the platform in this example includes the standard Command Line Parser (CLP). This allows the

#### 3.1.1.1 Specifying the debugger connection details

The debug port is enabled by specifying the argument *--port <port number>* on the command line. A specific port number may be specified or by setting *port number* to 0 the next available port is opened.

Alternatively the argument *--gdbconsole* will open a port and connect the default GDB debugger automatically.

#### 3.1.1.2 Nominating the processor for debug

In an OVPsim simulation only a single processor may be connected to a GDB debugger<sup>1</sup>. this requires that the processor is selected using the *--debugprocessor <processor name>*.

---

<sup>1</sup> The Imperas Professional products allow the ability to attach a GDB debugger to any or all the processors defined in a platform. Imperas also provide alternative debugging solutions.

In this case the processor name is the instance name in the platform, for example *platform/ORIK*

### 3.1.2 Specify debug using ICM API

#### 3.1.2.1 Specifying the debugger connection details

The ICM kernel is initialized by calling `icmInitPlatform`:

```
void icmInitPlatform(ICM_VERSION, Uns32 simAttrs, const char *protocol,
Uns32 dbgPort, char *platform)
```

The second argument of `icmInitPlatform` is used to initialize the simulator. One of the options available, `ICM_GDB_CONSOLE`, is to enable the automatic startup and connection of a GDB to a processor in the simulated platform.

The third and fourth arguments of `icmInitPlatform` are used to control processor debugging:

```
icmInitPlatform(ICM_VERSION, 0, "rsp", portNum, "platform");
```

GDB Remote Serial Protocol (RSP) debugging as supported by OVPSim uses standard operating system sockets on the host running OVPSim and GDB.

If a NULL value is given for `protocol`, debugging is disabled. To enable debugging, specify the protocol used for the debugger connection. At present `gdb`'s RSP is the only protocol supported.

The `dbgPort` argument specifies the socket port on which to accept a debugger connection. The special value of zero allows OVPSim to choose any free port on the host, otherwise the specified port number is used.

#### 3.1.2.2 Nominating the processor for debug

If the processor has one core, it is passed to `icmDebugThisProcessor()`.

```
icmDebugThisProcessor(processor);
```

If it is a multicore device the appropriate core must be located:

```
icmProcessorP sub = icmFindProcссорByName("CPU1_P0"); // for example
icmDebugThisProcessor(sub);
```

Giving an incorrect name causes an error message which lists all the legal names. This is a useful way to find the core names.



## 3.2 Building the Platform

The OVPsim examples are written to work with GCC and MAKE which are typically available on Linux and can be installed on Windows as part of MinGW and MSYS (see section 2.1.) The example commands below assume you are using a Bash shell on Linux or MSYS.

Take a copy of the debugging example:

```
cp -r $IMPERAS_HOME/Examples/PlatformsICM/debugWithGDB .
```

The test platform can be compiled to produce an executable, `platform.<IMPERAS_ARCH>.exe`, by using `make` in the example directory:

```
cd debugWithGDB
make -C platform
```

Cross-compile a simple test application for the OR1K processor:

```
make -C application
```

## 3.3 Starting Debugging 'gdbconsole'

### 3.3.1 Running the Platform

Start the OVP simulator with the example platform by running the native platform executable built earlier. This simple platform uses the command line parser to specify the start up of a console in which the correct GDB for the processor type will be invoked and connected to the platform.

```
platform/platform.${IMPERAS_ARCH}.exe --gdbconsole \  
--program application/application.OR1K.elf
```

```
OVPsim (32-Bit) v20150205.0 Open Virtual Platform simulator from  
www.OVPworld.org.  
Copyright (C) 2005-2015 Imperas Ltd. Contains Imperas Proprietary Information.  
Licensed Software, All Rights Reserved.  
Visit www.imperas.com for multicore debug, verification and analysis solutions.  
OVPsim started: Mon Mar 9 12:28:15 2015
```

```
Info (GDBT_PORT) Host: <hostname>, Port: <portnumber>  
Info (GDBT_WAIT) Waiting for remote debugger to connect...  
Info (GDBT_CONNECTED) Client connected
```

Once the platform has made a call to `icmSimulatePlatform` (or `icmSimulate`), OVPsim will wait for the debugger connection. The output above shows the host and portnumber being provided in the `GDBT_PORT` message which is used to connect the automatically invoked GDB.

The GDB displays the current execution location:

```
0x00000100 in start ()
```

## 3.4 Starting Debugging Manual Attachment

### 3.4.1 Running the Platform

Start the OVP simulator with the example platform by running the native platform executable built earlier. This simple platform uses the command line parser to specify the port number to use for the debugger connection.

```
platform/platform.${IMPERAS_ARCH}.exe --port 0 \  
--program application/application.OR1K.elf
```

A non zero numeric value opens a port on the specified port while the value zero allows OVPsim to choose any free host port.

```
OVPsim (32-Bit) v20150205.0 Open Virtual Platform simulator from  
www.OVPworld.org.  
Copyright (C) 2005-2015 Imperas Ltd.  Contains Imperas Proprietary Information.  
Licensed Software, All Rights Reserved.  
Visit www.imperas.com for multicore debug, verification and analysis solutions.  
OVPsim started: Mon Mar 9 12:28:15 2015
```

```
Info (GDBT_PORT) Host: <hostname>, Port: <portnumber>  
Info (GDBT_WAIT) Waiting for remote debugger to connect...
```

Once the platform has made a call to `icmSimulatePlatform` (or `icmSimulate`), OVPsim will wait for the debugger connection. The output above shows the host and portnumber being provided in the `GDBT_PORT` message which will be used to manually connect GDB remote target to this port.

### 3.4.2 Running GDB

When the OVPsim platform is waiting for a debugger connection we can start the Gnu debugger. GDB executables for OR1K and other processor model architectures provided by OVP are included with the Gnu toolchains available for download from the [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org) website.

Start GDB in another shell/terminal:

```
cd debugWithGDB  
"$IMPERAS_HOME/lib/$IMPERAS_ARCH/CrossCompiler/or32-elf/bin/or32-elf-gdb"
```

The GDB startup banner and prompt will be displayed:

```
GNU gdb 5.3  
Copyright 2002 Free Software Foundation, Inc.  
GDB is free software, covered by the GNU General Public License, and you are  
welcome to change it and/or distribute copies of it under certain conditions.  
Type "show copying" to see the conditions.  
There is absolutely no warranty for GDB.  Type "show warranty" for details.  
This GDB was configured as "--host=i686-pc-cygwin --target=or32-elf".  
(gdb)
```

Now load the simulated application file into GDB to provide symbolic debugging information:

```
(gdb) file application/application.OR1K.elf
Reading symbols from application/application.OR1K.elf...done.
(gdb)
```

### 3.4.2.1 Connecting GDB to OVPsim

The GDB target command is used to connect GDB to OVPsim:

```
(gdb) target remote localhost:1438
Remote debugging using localhost:1438
0x00000100 in start ()
(gdb)
```

The port number must match the port on which OVPsim is waiting for a connection. Once the connection is made, OVPsim shows a message:

```
Info (GDBT_CONNECTED) Client connected
```

and GDB displays the current execution location:

```
0x00000100 in start ()
```

## 3.5 An example debug session

We are now able to inspect and control the platform and processor state while simulating the application on OVPsim.

Display a disassembly of the next instruction each time execution stops:

```
(gdb) display /i $pc
1: x/i $pc 0x100 <start>:      l.addi r2,r0,0x0
(gdb)
```

Show processor register values:

```
(gdb) info registers
      R0      R1      R2      R3      R4      R5      R6      R7
00000000 00000000 deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef
...
(gdb)
```

Step one instruction:

```
(gdb) stepi
0x00000104 in start ()
1: x/i $pc 0x104 <start+4>:    l.addi r3,r0,0x0
(gdb)
```

Show register values again:

```
(gdb) info registers
      R0          R1          R2          R3          R4          R5          R6          R7
00000000 00000000 00000000 deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef
...
(gdb)
```

Set a breakpoint on the application's main function:

```
(gdb) break main
Breakpoint 1 at 0xf3c: file application/application.c, line 4.
(gdb)
```

Run until we hit a breakpoint:

```
(gdb) continue
Continuing.

Breakpoint 1, main () at application/application.c:4
4      printf("Hello\n");
1: x/i $pc 0xf3c <main+16>: 1.movhi r3,0x0
(gdb)
```

Step over the C printf call

```
(gdb) next
5      }
```

(The printf output is shown in the OVPsim window.)

Finally, run the test application to completion

```
(gdb) continue
Continuing.

Program exited normally.
(gdb)
```

## 4 Further GDB Connection Information and Features

This section describes some of the other ways in which the simulation platform execution may be started and used.

### 4.1 RSP Interface

RSP is the gdb (Gnu debugger) Remote Serial Protocol. It allows a debugger to communicate with a simulator on the same host machine or over a network to a simulator on a different host machine. OVPsim and CpuManager support RSP as used by most versions of gdb. They automatically switch to an extended version of RSP to communicate with the Imperas stand-alone multi-core debugger.

### 4.2 Environment variables

Variable	Type	Purpose
IMPERAS_NO_WAIT	boolean	Do not wait for an RSP connection before starting simulation (but keep listening).
IMPERAS_RSP_PORT	integer	Listen on this port for a debugger (0 means choose a port from the pool)
IMPERAS_RSP_PORT_FILE	filename	If port is chosen from the pool, write the port number in this file
IMPERAS_RSP_WAIT_DISCONNECT	boolean	When disconnected, the simulator waits for a new connection, rather than continuing.
IMPERAS_RSP_FINISH_DISCONNECT	boolean	When disconnected, the simulator finishes rather than waiting.

### 4.3 Detaching and Reattaching

The stand-alone multi-core debugger can be detached from a simulation. When the detach is performed the simulator may perform one of two operations

1. finish the simulation
2. continue the execution of the software application until the application completes or makes no further progress. A debugger can then be reattached, causing simulation to stop immediately so that debugging can continue.

The default operation is dependent upon the simulator runtime, the OVPsim and CpuManager simulators will free run when the debugger is disconnected.

#### 4.3.1 Modifying simulator behavior on detach

The default behavior of the simulator when a debugger is disconnected can be modified to wait for a further connection or to finish (continue the execution of) the simulation.

##### 4.3.1.1 Wait for next connection

Wait is the suspension of the simulation when the debugger is detached. No further execution will take place and the simulator will wait for a further debugger connection.

Set the environment variable `IMPERAS_RSP_WAIT_DISCONNECT` before starting the simulation.

#### **4.3.1.2 Finish simulation**

The simulation continues until it finishes or a further debugger connection is made when the debugger is detached.

Set the environment variable `IMPERAS_RSP_FINISH_DISCONNECT` before starting the simulation.

### **4.4 Enabling a debug port without initial connection**

This 'no wait' option allows a simulation platform to be started with a debug port enabled but without the need to connect the debugger prior to simulation starting. A debugger can be connected at any time but the simulation will start executing immediately.

The debug port is enabled in the normal way and the no wait mode is enabled by using one of the following:

Set the environment variable `IMPERAS_NO_WAIT`.

Add `--nowait` into a control file.

Add `ICM_NO_RSP_WAIT` into the ICM Attributes (`icmAttrs`) of a call to `icmInitPlatform`.

### **4.5 Environment Variable Enables Debug Connection**

If you have a platform executable it is not always convenient to re-compile the platform in order to enable debugging.

The opening of a debug port can also be accomplished using an environment variable

Set the environment variable `IMPERAS_RSP_PORT` to either a port number or to 0 and the next available port will be selected.

### **4.6 Debugging RSP Connections**

When there is an error in the RSP connection additional information can be obtained by enabling logging of the connection.

This log file should be provided to Imperas when reporting a problem with other information about the platform used.

Set the environment variable `IMPERAS_RSP_LOG_FILE` to a file into which transactions over the RSP connection will be written.

## 5 Creating a Debuggable SystemC/TLM2.0 Platform

When an OVP model is used within a SystemC TLM2.0 platform it may still be debugged using the RSP connection.

A suitable single-processor platform example is available in the directory:

```
$IMPERAS_HOME/Examples/Platforms/ICM/debugSystemC_TLM2.0WithGDB
```

This uses the freely-available OR1K processor (see <http://www.opencores.org/projects.cgi/web/or1k/architecture>).

The test platform source is in file `platform/platform.cpp`:

```
Platform_TLM2_0::Platform_TLM2_0 ( sc_core::sc_module_name name)
: sc_core::sc_module (name)
, Platform ("icm", ICM_VERBOSE | ICM_STOP_ON_CTRLC , "rsp", 0 )
, bus1 ("bus1")
, ram1 ("ram1", "sp1", 0x100000)
, ram2 ("ram2", "sp1", 0x10000)
, cpu1 ( "cpu1", 0, ICM_ATTR_DEFAULT, attrsForcpu1())
{
```

For a full explanation of OVPsim platform construction please see the *OVPsim and CpuManager User Guide*. This section describes only those aspects of platform construction that relate to debugging.

### 5.1.1 Specifying the debugger connection details

The ICM kernel is initialized by the `icmPlatform` constructor:

```
icmPlatform(
    const char *name,
    icmInitAttrs simAttrs = ICM_INIT_DEFAULT,
    const char *protocol = 0,
    Uns32      port      = 0
);
```

The third and fourth arguments of the platform constructor are used for single processor debugging:

```
, Platform ("icm", ICM_VERBOSE | ICM_STOP_ON_CTRLC | , "rsp", 0 )
```

GDB Remote Serial Protocol (RSP) debugging as supported by OVPsim uses standard operating system sockets on the host running OVPsim and GDB.

If a NULL value is given for `protocol`, debugging is disabled. To enable debugging, specify the name of for the socket interface on which to accept a debugger connection.



The `port` argument specifies the socket port on which to accept a debugger connection. The special value of zero allows OVPsim to choose any free port on the host, otherwise the specified port number is used.

### 5.1.2 Nominating the debugged processor

The processor object method `debugThisProcessor` is called from `sc_main`:

```
int sc_main(int argc, char *argv[] )
{
    Platform_TLM2_0 top("top");
    ...
    top.cpu1.debugThisProcessor();
    ...
}
```

###